

The Daily Courant.

Monday, August 17. 1702.

From the Vienna Journal, Dated Aug. 5.

From the Imperial Army near Montenara, July 24.
Yesterday Major Pfefferskorn, of the Regiment of Castelli, who had been sent with a Party, returned to the Camp, he had been with 20 Horse, and 110 Foot, at far as Due Castelli, where he found 100 French Horse under 2 Lieutenants Colonels, 2 Captains, and 4 Lieutenants; and a Captain 1 Lieutenant and 50 Grenadiers, that were posted in a Cassine; he immediately advanced towards them, but apprehending it would be difficult to force the Grenadiers in so advantageous a Post, feign'd a Retreat, to draw them out of it, which succeeded, and then facing about, his Foot attack'd the Grenadiers, and his 80 Horse the Enemy's 100, and in a little time cut in pieces 2 Captains, and 3 Lieutenants, and most of the Troopers; the Lieutenant-Colonel only having the good fortune to escape with 20 or 30 of his Men; of the Grenadiers but a few made their escape by the Ditches. In this Action we lost but 2 Dragoons of Dietrichstein, and 1 Grenadier of Haslingen, and had 10 wounded. We took 13 Prisoners, most of them wounded, and a Lieutenant, and 30 Horses.

From the Paris Gazette, Dated Aug. 12.

Paris, Aug. 12. Letters from Mantua of the 25th ult. advise, That on the 23d. Monsieur Zurlauben sent out the Marquis de Vaucaucourt with 100 Horse, and 50 Foot, who meeting with a Party of the Enemy near Due Castelli, of 200 Horse, and 200 Foot, supported by a like number, had like to have been hem'd in by them, but he charging them vigorously thrice, made them think he was follow'd by more Troops, so that he gain'd time to retreat with the loss of 10 kill'd, 12 taken, and 4 Officers wounded. On the 24th Monsieur Zurlauben, having Intelligence that the Enemy were Foraging, sent out 400 Horse, and 10 Companies of Grenadiers under the Command of the Marquis de Lussart a Brigadier, who detach'd the Marquis de Vaucaucourt on his Left with 100 Horse, and 100 Grenadiers. He posted the 100 Grenadiers in Ambush, and advancing with the 100 Horse, came up with 400 of the Enemy, of which 300 were Foraging while 100 kept Guard; these he charg'd so briskly, that he broke them at first shock, and put them to so disorderly a Flight, that the other 300 were oblig'd to take to their Heels likewise, 130 of them were kill'd, and 15 taken, with 80 Horses.

From the Vienna Journal, Dated Aug. 9.

From the Imperial Camp near Borgoforte, July 29.
 The Enemy having pass'd the Po at Cremona and at Casal Maggiore with above 30000 Men, divided themselves into 2 Bodies, with one of which that was compos'd of Gens d'Armes and Grenadiers, they came upon our 3 Regiments of Darmstadt, Commerci, and Visconti, that were commanded by General Visconti, and encamp'd on the other side of the Tassone, so unexpectedly, that our Men had hardly time to mount on Horseback; the Enemy having defeated the out-guards, surrounded and charg'd the 3 Regiments, having likewise possess'd themselves of the Bridge on the Tassone, by which our Men might have retreated; The Regiments defended themselves with great Bravery, repulsing the

Enemy 3 times with great loss, but the Grenadiers plying them continually with small shot on all sides from the Ditches, oblig'd them at length to retire, leaving behind them all their Baggage; by Accident the Regiment of Erbeville coming to joyn our Troops when they were engag'd, drove the Enemy from the Bridge, (in which occasion Count Jorger was wounded in the Arm,) over which our Men made their Retreat. Gen. Visconti had 2 Horses kill'd under him, and was one of the last that retir'd over the Bridge. We lost all our Baggage, (except a few Horses and Mules) 10 Standards, 2 Pair of Kettle Drums, and about 500 Men; but the Enemy, thro' the obstinate resistance of our Troops, lost above 2000, and (as the Deserters report) have sent to Casal Maggiore 300 of their wounded, besides what they have sent to other places. We had 2 Lieutenant Colonels and 12 Captains either kill'd, wounded or taken. Major Samiz of the Regiment of Guido Staremberg was wounded and taken Prisoner.

From the Paris Gazette, Dated Aug. 19.

Paris, Aug. 19. We have receiv'd a further relation, (more exact in the particulars than our former) of the Fight at Santa Vittoria; The King of Spain being arriv'd on the 20th of last Month at Castelnuevo, The Duke of Vendome, while the Camp was marking out, went with some Troops to take a View of the Crostolo. This River has very high Banks, to keep in the Water when the Rains, or the melting of the Snow have swell'd it. He pass'd over it at the Fords which were unguarded, and as soon as he had got on the other side, was inform'd by a Priest and a Defter that General Visconti was encamp'd 4 Miles off with the Regiments of Cuirassiers of Darmstadt, Commerci, and Visconti, and the Dragoons of Herbeville, making together 3000 Men. The D. of Vendome had 14 Companies of Grenadiers, and 25 Squadrons, or rather 25 Troops of Horse, compos'd of 1 Squadron of Gens d'Armes, 5 Regiments of Cavalry, 3 of Dragoons, and 1 of Carabiniers. All together making but about 18000 Men, by reason of the Detachments that had been drawn out of them to be employ'd elsewhere; so that of the 3 Regiments of Dragoons there were but 200 Men. The D. of Vendome divided them into 3 Columns, of which the Right was led by himself, the Left by Monsieur Albergotti, and the Middle in which were the Grenadiers by the Marquis de Crequi. While they advanced in this Order, a Detachment of 20 English Gentlemen attack'd the Enemies Guard which was supported by their Picquet, and kept their ground till the D. de Vendome came up, who drove the Guard and the Picquet to a Cassine that was before their Left, on the Highway from Reggio to Guastalla. Their Right was at Santa Vittoria; the River Tassone being behind them, over which were 2 wooden Bridges, one at Santa Vittoria, and the other a little lower. They threw some Troops into the Cassine to make head against our Cavalry, but the Marquis de Crequi at the head of the Grenadiers beat them out of it, after a pretty long dispute, in which his Gentleman of the Horse and a Page were wounded behind him. Beyond the Cassine the Enemy had 8 Squadrons of Cuirassiers fronting the Cassine; Another Party of them were posted on the Highway, and two on the Right,

Right, drawn up so as to attack in Flank those that should advance, and to oppose our Troops that march'd on the Left. Immediately the Marquis de Crequy order'd some Companies of Grenadiers to file off along a Ditch that led from the Highway to the Tassone, who fir'd so briskly on the 8 Squadrons that they oblig'd them to give way; upon which the D. of Vendome mov'd forwards, and streighten'd them in their Ground. Mean time the Marquis de Crequy with the Grenadiers and some Dragoons, clear'd the Highway of the Enemy, and gave an opportunity to Monsieur Albergotti to advance with the Left to Santa Vittoria; where they joyn'd and beat the Enemy from some Houses where they had posted themselves. Then the Imperialists betook themselves to flight, and so many endeavour'd to pass over the 2 Bridges, that they crowded one another into the Tassone, and those that could not get to the Bridges, quitted their Horses, threw off their Cuirasses, and leap'd into the River, but the bank on t'other side was so high, that before they could get out, most of them were kill'd by the Grenadiers. The rest to the number of 400, seeing no means of escaping, surrender'd themselves. Those that could get over the Tassone rally'd, and took Post in some Houses, but were beaten out of them by the Marquis de Crequi and Monsieur Albergotti, who follow'd them over the Bridges. Yet they rally'd agen, and stood several charges; but our Troops being fatigu'd, and Night drawing on, 'twas not thought convenient to pursue them further. The Imperialists lost 1500 Men, kill'd, drown'd, or made Prisoners, besides the Wounded and Deserters; and we but 120 kill'd or wounded. We took 2000 Cuirasses, 16 Standards, 3 Pair of Kettle Drums, 1000 Horses, besides what were kill'd or drown'd; and found Money, Plate, and other Booty, with a great quantity of Forage in their Camp.

Letters of the 5th from the same Army say, That on the 28th ult. the King of Spain encamp'd near the place of Battle, from whence he sent Monsieur Albergotti with some Troops and 4 Pieces of Cannon, to possess himself of Reggio. The Governor, after a short Parley, yielded up the place to him, on Condition, that the Town should be oblig'd only to furnish Provisions and Forage. Monsieur Albergotti left a Garrison in the Castle, and march'd to Modena, which follow'd the Example of Reggio. He left another Garrison there likewise, from whence the Duke and Dutcheffs are retir'd to Bologna. Carpi and other places of that Dutchy have sent to offer Obedience. The 31st, the Army march'd to Novelara, and the 4th of August to Testa, a League further, where they continu'd encamp'd on the 5th. Monsieur de Goas, a Brigadier of Dragoons, was detach'd on the 2d, with 600 Horse towards Gonzaga. The 3d at break of Day, 50 Spanish Troopers met with a Troop of Imperialists near that place, whom they routed, killing 6 on the spot; they could take but 3 Prisoners, and 12 Horses. The Prisoners say, that the Enemy have left only 18 Battalions at Borgoforte, and that the rest of the ir Army is pass'd over the Po.

From the Leyden Gazette, Dated Aug. 21.

Letters from the Camp before Landau of the 15th say, That the King of the Romans appear'd frequently in the Trenches, and that on the Night of the 14th they carry'd by Storm, the Counterscarp on the side of the great Attack, with the loss of 50 Men kill'd or wounded.

London, Aug. 16.

The News from Poland is always various; the most remarkable Advices from thence by this Post are the two following.

From the Harlem Courant, Dated Aug. 22.

Cracow, Aug. 6. A Swedish Courier has been taken by one of our Parties, and his Letters open'd,

in which 'tis found, that the King of Sweden has some design of marching into Silesia.

From the Amsterdam Courant, Dated Aug. 22.

Dresden, Aug. 16. The last Letters from Poland say, That the King of Sweden has pass'd the Vistula within 5 Miles of Cracow. The King of Poland is on the same side of the River, and both Armies, when the Letters came away, were within an Hour's March of one another.

The Defeat of the Swedish General Slippenbach by the Muscovites, and the Siege of Dorpat, is confirm'd.

There are no Letters by this Post from the Army under the Earl of Marlborough. And in the foreign Prints there are no Advices from thence of a later Date than the 17th; but they mention Letters from Bolduc, that say the great Convoy which went out of that Town for the Army, by the way of Grave, is arriv'd in the Camp. They say nothing of the Siege of Venlo.

Deal, Aug. 14. The Ships mention'd in my last, are all preparing to Sail hence; and this Morning came down Her Majesty's Ship Bonadventure under a Convoy.

Gloster, Captain Brown; Howland, Captain Hays; Mary, Captain Lyell; Regard, Captain Warne for the East-Indies; Marseilles Merchant Captain Pitts for Leghorne.

London, Aug. 17. The Commissioners for Sick and Wounded Seamen, and Exchange of Prisoners, have left their Office at Tower-Hill, and will sit to Day at their New Office in Princess Court, Westminster.

* * * *Lost about Ten a Clock on Thursday Night from Spring-Garden near Charing-Cross, a Liver-colour and White Spaniel Dog, with a black Velvet Collar and two Brass Bells, about a Year Old; his Head and Ears Liver-colour, and a white Streak on his Forehead, two Liver-colour Spots on one of his Sides, one large one on the other, and a small one on his Tail; his Legs and Feet all white: Whoever gives notice of him, so as he may be had again, to Mrs. Wells at her Coffee-House under Scotland-Yard-Gate in Whitehall, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.*

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